MORNING EDITION-SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1855.

500.000. —MONEY TO LOAN ON DIA-ners, pismofortes, merchandize and personal property enerally. Notes, stocks, bills of exchange, &c., nego-lated. Business confidential and executed promptly at 8 Nassau street, first floor, back office. FLORENCE & CO., Brokers.

\$100.000 WANTED FOR INVESTMENT—under land guarantees that principal will be safe; and with same security that fifteen per cent will be made for five years. The amount need not all be from one party. Those wishing part interest; may address 146 Metropolitan Post Office, Bible House, New York.

360.000 watches, jewelry, &c, or bought for cash. Notes, stocks, bouds and mortgages negotiated; real estate bought, sold and exchanged. All Justices attrictly confidential. CHEESEMAN, BRAISTED & Co., Brokers, 35 John street, corner of Nassau.

\$50.000-TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS WAT-ches, jewelry, segars, and mer-chandise generally, or bought out. Bonds and mort-rages bought and sold. Money constantly on hand at 144 William street, near Fulton, up stairs. FORBUSH

MODE TO LOAN, ON DIA-monds, watches, jewelry, piate, ary goods, segars, or merchandize of every description; brasiesse sonidental; 212 Broadway, and 183 Fulton acrest, room 11, third story.

\$10.000 SPECIAL CAPITAL WANTED IN A sures is well established and very profitable. If professor, real estate security can be given, also an equal statement in the business, which is as as fe and free from losses as any city bank. No communication noticed if from brokers or agents. Address A. K. Gibson, Post Office.

5.000 TO \$10,000 TO INVEST FOR A SPOCK ware, taney, or dry goods. None need apply but those willing to make a heavy discount from cost. Address C., Eerald office.

WANTED—FOR SIX OR EIGHT months. The sum of three thousand dollars, for which the advartises will hypothecate source, ties of ten thousand dollars, real value, and pay a bosum for the accommodation. Address X. Y. Z., New York post office, for this week.

A NY AMOUNT TO LOAN, OR WILL BUY AT SIGHT for cash, merchandise, jewelry, diamonds, plate, property, or security of any description, in sums from \$30 to \$10,000, at the old established, permanent and responsible Pacific Agency and Loan office, over Pacific Clark, corner of Broadway and Grand street. Business confidential and safe.

A LADY WOULD LIKE TO BORROW THE SUM OF fifty dollars from some party, for immediate use, for the term of two months. No person seed answer caless willing to easist a lady in need. Address Mrs O-born, 364 Houston street.

BROKEN BANK BILLS EQUOHT—THE HIGHEST bank money; foreign gold afficiency and uncurrent funds sought at the usual rates; drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland, for sale by JAMES M. TAYLOR, 169 Chat-dam square, corner of James street.

CASH, IN ANY AMOUNT, FOR DIAMONDS, WATCHES, rich jeweiry, plate, and valuable personal property gurchased, at 69 Fullon street, second floor, front room. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. R. WOOD.

RVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION, 95 WARREN STREET, one door from Greenwish.—Open daily from 10 A. to 1 P. M., and 4 to 7 P. M. Interest at the rate of 6 rooms allowed on all sums from \$1 to \$500. The fause f this institution are securely invested in bonds and sortgages in the city of New York, worth double the mount loaned, and in bonds in this city.

CALES S. WOODHULL, President.

W. D. VAN PRIN, VANDRAWLY f. BUXTON, See

M ONEY.—CASH LIBERALLY ADVANCED ON watches, jewelry, diamonds, dry goods, clothing, furulture, pianofortes, or any other property, at the Agency and Loan office, 304 Broadway, corner of Duane street, second floor, room No. 9. Confidences and honor many be relied upon. Branch office, 84 West Six-benth Mct OUGHLIN & O'NEILLE.

DIATTSBURG AND MONTREAL RAILROAD CO .-

Chatham square, corner of Mott street.—Dividend.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a sami annual dividend of four per cent upon the capital stock of the company, payable on the 5th of February. The transfer books will be closed on and after the 29th inst, Sy order,

EDWARD B. FELLOWS, Secretary.

THE UNDERSIGNED MAKES CASH ADVANCES UPON floor, graft, provisions, raffway and pig tron in store; also, upon vessels in port, and upon bank and other approved stocks or boads, and upon business pasturing in New York.

JOHN B MURRAY, 137 Pearl street, near Wall.

HE COUPONS OF THE COLUMBUS AND LAKE ERIE Railroad seven per cent first mortgage bonds, due becember 1st, 1854, will be paid at the bank of the State of New York, on presentation. E. G. WOODWARD, Treasurer.

WITHERS & PETERSON, BANKERS, STOCK AND lange brokers, 41 and 41 South Third street, Philade ata.—Stock and Corporation beans bought and sold on commission; promissory notes and drafts, negotiated collections made upon all accessible points in the sountry; drafts on other cities, in sums to suit purchasers.

WANTED—\$1,200.—THE ADVERTISER, A YOUNG and industrious man, being engaged in an old established and profitable manufacturing business, on Broadeny, and whose stock of cash goods amounts to over \$7,000, is desirous of obtaining the sum of \$1,200. To any one having the desired sum and disposition to invest it safely can have the most ample and satisfactory security. Particulars will be given at a personal interview. Address Perseverance, box 155 Herald office.

-		LNBUR	LANCE.	
TEN	THE ANNU	AL REPOR	T OF THE	NEW YO
Amou	at of annet	ompany :-		
		niums rece		
		nuary 1, 18		930 01

Amount paid for losses by death. \$173,673 91
Amount paid for losses by death. \$173,673 91
Amount paid for interest on dividends and re-insurances. 13,691 47
Amount paid for salers. 3,197 25
Amount paid on account of amulity fund. 1228 13
Amount paid for saleries, fees to physicians, truffees, &c. 13,648 30
Amount of advertising, printing, stationery, office rent, law expenses, &c. 4,790 43
Amount of commissions, medical examinations, postages, advertising, exchanges, &c. 24,957 43
Amount of cancelled notes and return premiums on cancelled policies. 279,339 90

NEW JEISEY RAILROAD.—FOR PHH-ADELPHIA and the South and West, via Jersey City mail and express lines.—Leave New York at 8 and 10 A. M., and 4 and 6 P. M. Fare, 82 75 in 4 and 38 in 8 and 10 A. M. and 6 P. M.; second class, 82 26 in 10, and 12 M., at 82, extopping at all way stations. Through inclusts sold for Cincinnati and the West, and for Baltimors, Washington, Nerfolk, &c., and through baggage checked to Washington is 8 and 10 A. M. and 6 P. M.

AFFAIRS IN THE METROPOLIS.

SCENE ON BOARD THE EMPIRE CITY. Brogress of the Municipal Revolution.

Arrest of a Fortune Teller.

THE CASE OF THE EMPIRE CITY BANK.

SCENES AND INCIDENTS Interesting Scene on Board the Steamship E.

PIPE CITY.
THE DEPARTURE OF A YOUNG CIBAN PREVENTED BY ONE OF THE JUNTA-SINGULAR MEETING OF SEVE RAL CUBANS AND THE SPANISH CONSUL.

board the Empire City, yesterday afternoon, about ten minutes before her departure for Havana. As it was a matter in which a member of the Cuban Junta and the letail all the circumstances for the benefit of ou

of age, whose parents reside in Cuba, was placed by them, some time since, under the charge of his uncle, Don Joseph Elias Hernandez, a resident of Brook lyn, and a member of the Cuban Junta. Young Hernan age situated about two miles from the town of Hudson four gentlemen, as we are informed, among whom were the Spanish Consul, Mr. Francis Stoughton, and Mr. Cristobald Carnobell, called at the Institute, and showed the principal—Mr. Gardiner—letters from the parents of Hernandez, requesting him to return home at once. In compliance with the desire of these gentlemen Hernandez translated the letters to Mr. Gardiner and two other principals, after which they consented to his de parture with them. But it appears that one of his schoolmates, named Armstrong, suspected that all was not right, as the uncle was not present and did not seem to have any participation in the affair. He determined, therefore, to make that gentleman acquainted with it, CLAVERACK, Feb. 1, 1855.

To Joseph Hernandez, 191 President street, Brooklyn:— Frank was taken away from school this day, against his will, by four men. Are they friends or enemies? Au-swer in haste. B. C. P. ARMSTRONG.

This was the first intimation that Mr. Hernandez had of the matter; and suspecting rightly that it was the intention of the parties to take him to Havana, as the Empire City was to sail (yesterday, he resolved on going aboard of that vessel a few minutes before she sailed. On doing so his suspitew minutes before she sailed. On doing so his suspi-cions were confirmed by seeing his nephew there in company with Mr. Carnobell and the Spanish Vice Con-sul, Mr. Chacon. After satisfying himself that it was against his consent he was leaving the country, he took him ashore, and the vessel proceeded on its voyage at two o'cleck, leaving both him and Mr. Carnobeli, with whom he was to have gone to Havana, in this city. Mr. Hernandez, who is a Cubau exile, and, as we have said, hing is a conspiracy of the Spanish government to get or unwillingly made a party to it. These are the simple facts as stated to us by the friends of young Hernan-

dez. The other side of the story is, as may be supposed, somewhat different. The following are the particulars which we have ascertained from Mr. Stoughton, and who has for several years held the post of Spanish

Consul in this city:- * Mr. S. received some time ago a note from Mr. Cristobal Carnobeli, of Havana, informing him of his arrival in New York with letters from Don Francisco Hernandez The letters, he stated, were directed to the Spanish Consul, authorizing him to act as his representative, and begging him to send his son back to Havana by the bearer, Mr. C. On Wednesday last, Mr. Stoughton, in accordance with the request of the father, visited the institution, and placed the letters in the possession of cipals; and, according to the account of Mr. S., expressed his willingness to go home at once. Mr. Stoughton says further, that it was his uncle who refused to let him leave the country at the very momeat the vessel was about to sail. In addition to this statement, we eccived the following communication from Mr. Carne

TO THE POITOR OF THE HERALD.

Havana, commissioned by Don Francisco Hernandez, of the Claverack Institute, and bring him back to his Spanish Consul in this city, authorizing and empowering him to act as his representative to claim the return of his son and assist me in cetting him home. I also brought directing him to return. The Consul and myself went yesterday to Claverack Academy. The son was called (who knows me well), and he translated to the principal of the Institute said power of his father to the Consul; the son expressed a willingness to return home. Being about to depart in the Empire City to day, for Havana, the son was forcibly detained by a number of foreigners, who would not allow him to depart.

NEW YORK, Feb 2, 1855. It is hardly probable that the affair will end here, as Mr. Hernandez will doubtless cause some investigation to be made into the circumstances.

THE WHIG YOUNG MEN'S COMMITTEE.

Whig Young Men, as they style themselves, was held cupied the chair, and Wm. H. Brown and J. Cholwell acted as secretaries. There was no business of importance dene, the evening being occupied in nominating members of the standing committees for the ensuing year. They adjourned at an early hour.

THE HARD SHELLS GOING TO ALBANY. the last meeting of the Hard Shell General Commit At he sat meeting of the Hard Shell General Commit-tee, it was determined to send a committee to Albany to look after the adamantine members of the Legislature, and see that they voted r ght on the Senatoriol ques-tion. The following gentlemen were appointed suc-committee—Horace F. Clark, George F. Alden, H. J. Allen, B. S. Hart, E. W. Glover, and William Hake. It is understood that the committee intend urging the claims of Daniel S. Dickinson above all other candidates, as the proper perion to represent the State in the next

Commissioners of Police.

Before the Mayor, Judge Stuart and Recorder Smith.

Frn. 2.—The Commissioners of Police met in the Mayor's office yesterday afternoon, for the trial of charges against policemen. There were over twenty officers pre-

A few cases were called, but as the parties were not prepared for trial, the Commissioners took up the case of officer Coote, of the Sixth ward, who was charged with insolent language, disobedience of orders and intoxication while in the station house.

Capt. Dowling, the first witness, testified as follows in relation to the charge of intoxication.—I asked him to make out his report, and he said he would give it to me to merrow; he wanted to know if the others had been ordered to do so; after this he went to hed; I swoke him and told him he was wanted at the Chief's office; he went down and I also went there; when he spoke his utterance was thick, and I remarked to Lt. Ferits that "that man was in liquor."

Sargeant Pollard testified that he had seen him on that day, and that he was as sober as he ever saw him. Patrick White and other witnesses also testified that they had seen him on that day, and that he was as sober as he ever saw him. Patrick White and other witnesses also testified that they had seen him on that day, and that then he was perfectly sober.

The next case tried was that of Nathaniel T. Hicks, lieutenant of the Seventeenth ward police, who was charged with conduct unbecoming an officer, and neglect of duty, but as he was not prepared, his trial was postyoned till next Friday.

Officer Bedell, of the Seventh ward, charged with conduct unbecoming an officer, and neglect of duty, being ready for trial, the charges against him were read. Several witnesses were examined; but the testimony in regard to the charges were of a very trivial character.

At the conclusion of this trial, the Commissioners made the following decision—
Officer Cocte suspended for three months on half pay, subject to duty, and to be dismissed from the service on a repetition of either disobedience of orders, insolence to superior officers, or guilty of being again intoxicated,

the tardy manner in which the cases were brought up for trial. The committees before whom the accused were ordered to appear met with closed doors, and the evithere it ended. The party charged, in some in-had only to procure the interposition of his friem had only to procure the interposition of his friends, who called upon one or two members of the committee, and too often a stay of proceedings was the resoft. The whole mode of trial has been majerfally changed since the recent selection of Alderman Howard for Chairman of the Fire Committee, with Alderman Baird and Trowbridge for his associated. At the suggestion of the chairman, a new system of trial has been adopted, which bids fair to accomplish the ends of justice. It not only insures a prompt investigation of the facts, but acts as a check on certain members of the Fire Department, who are inclined on trivial occasions to be more quarrelsome than necessery.

the doors are thrown open to the public, and reporters are admitted to take down and publish the evidence as Mr. Carson, the Chief Engineer, is generally present, so that every facility is afforded for the investigation of

engineers, and the practical knowledge which he brings to bear on their inquiries cannot fail to assist them than that of throwing open to the public the sittings of the committee, it would be an important step towards a thorough reform in the department; and we have to congratulate ourselves on the spirit of progress which has led to a compliance with one of the Brat conditions

sal of one of the passengers to submit to the extra pears that Capt. Groton, of the bark Edna, took the cars at the station at 115th street, where the company have no ticket agent, and when the conductor can fare he handed him the usual amount of twelve and a half cents, which was refused unless three cents were the train. The conductor thinking he was not equal to the task, called to his aid a number of Irish laborers almost indiscriminate attack, which the passengers re Wakemin, of the Twelfth ward, made his appearance and threatened to arrest the conductor and his men, be-fore they would desist, after which peace was restored, and Capt. Groton came on to the city without further molestation. No damage was dene, with the exception of the rending some outer garments; but we learn that some of the passengers will bring suits against the com-pany for assault.

Progress of the Municipal Revolution.
THE SARDINIAN PAUPERS—THE BARBERS AND THE SABBATH.

The Mayor and the Marquis Talicarne, the Sardinian Minister, had a long interview yesterday, in relation to the Des Geneys, which terminated in an agreement to her passengers, who, it is said, are paupers transported here by the Sardinian government. The Marquis came from Washington to confer with the Mayor upon the subject, and to satisfy him that nothing should be done contrary to the interest of the country in the matter.

It appears that the barbers really intend closing their

shops on Sunday, and a paper is in course of circulation pledging themselves voluntarily to give up shaving the

cruel practice of dog fighting, which is carried on to a considerable extent in various public houses in this city. tutes that there is no law to reach the offenders, although he will use every exertion in his power to suppress such

what the Prople say.

That W. A. Carter, of Dey street, encumbers the side-walk in front of his store with articles of every description, to the great detriment of travel, and the annoyance of persons doing business in the neighborhood.

That hast Thirty-third street, between Madison and Fourth avenue, is encumbered with timber and flag stones, and has been in a very fifthy condition ever since it was occupied.

that the sidewalk in front of No. 2 Cannon street is

obstructed by a large iron boiler, and several old wagons; and that the same street, from Broome to Delancey, is constantly encumbered with about thirty frightful old carts and wagons.

That two policy offices are allowed to exist in 536% and 548% Grand street. They are to be broken up at once by order of the Mayor.

That the side walk in front of 71 Broome street is in a dangerous condition for travellers.

That Mott street, above Broome, is encumbered with carts, wagons, and sleights and that the hydrant in hott street, near Broome, overflows the sidewalk, readering it almost impassable.

Wm. E. Vincent complains that in consequence of there being no lamps in Pine street, he fell and injured himself.

Wm. E. Vincent companies there being no lamps in l'ine street, he fell and injured himself.

J. H. Thompson denies that his engine, at 44 Ann street, is attended only by boys. He discharged his engineer, and says he has now a competent man employed.

Police Intelligence.

ABERST OF A FORTUNE TELLER—INTERESTING CASE.

Yesterday Capt. Norris, of the Tenth ward police, arrested a woman named Madame Fleury, residing at No. 263 Broome street, on a warrant issued from the obtained the sum of fifty cents from Sergeant Gover, un-der false pretences and fraudulent representations. It appears that the complainant went to the house of the accused for the purpose of criminating Madame Fleury, if possible, and accordingly pretended that he had if possible, and accordingly pretended that he had lost his watch, and wanted the accused to find it for him. She readily anapped at the bait, as will be seen from the following affidavit, which will be read with a great deal of interest.—

from the following affidavit, which will be read with a great deal of interest.—

City and County of New Fork:—Wm. C. Gover, Serg't, being duly sworn, deposes and says, that on the filst of January ult. he went to the house 203 Broome street and inquired for Madams Fleury, room No. 4, when this deponent was received by a person answering to that name; this deponent and to said Fleury that he had been informed that she fold fortunes, and that he came to her to consult her in regard to a valuable watch that he lost, and wahed to ascertain its whereabouts, if possible, and to know if his suspicions were correct as to the person who stole it; she replied that it would be impossible, but that she could be restored to me again or not; this deponent asked her what her charges were, and she replied that she charged from one to five dollars, but that she could tell the color of his hair, and whether the watch would be restored to me again or not; this deponent asked her what her charges were, and she replied that she charged from one to five dollars, but that she would allow me three wishes for fifty cents; this deponent then agreed to pay her fifty cents, when she went to a closet and took down a large book with a massive iron key confined between the leaves by means of a dirty piece of taps. She then directed this deponent to stand up, and to hold one side of the handle of the key with the foreflager of the right hand, and to wish aloud; and informed this deponent if the book turned around he would get his wish. The book was then held as directed between this deponent and said Fleury; when this deponent uttered a wish to regain his watch; where upon said Fleury placed her hand upon her breast, and

Wood, was held for examination on the charge p. eferred against her. CRARGE OF STEALING SILE GOODS.

Two very respectable looking men, named John Wright and Henry Parker, were arrested resterday by officer Haviland, of the Third ward police, charged on the complaint of George Callahan with having stolen a

CHARGE OF BURGLARY.

A young man, named Timothy Murphy, was arrested yesterday, by officer Gleason of the Sixth word police, charged with having burglariously entered the shooting and sowing saison of samuel C. Parker, No. 316 Broad way, and straining from the premises two rifles and two pistoly, valued by the owner at \$60. It is alleged by the officer that a pertion of the property was found in the possession of the accused when arrested. The remainder of the property was recovered from Simpson's pawn office. The accused was taken before Jastice Connuly, who committed him to prison for trial at the next term of the Court of General Sessions.

ARREST OF SUSPICION OF LARGENY Constable Neshitt, of the Sixth ward, arrested a suspicious character, yesterday, who had in his possession a valuable overcoat, which the officer believed to have been stolen. An owner is wanted for the article, who can obtain the same by applying at the Sixth ward sta-

Charles Clancy was arrested yesterday, by officer Tier-ney of the Seventeenth werd police, charged with having stelen a cow, valued at \$28, the property of John Ryan, of No. 7 Sixth street. It is alleged that Clancy admitted the stealing of the cow, and the disposal of it to John Murphy of Forty-seventh street. The prisoner was taken before Justice Wood, who committed nim for trial.

City Intelligence.

THE WORKINGMEN IN TOMPRINS SQUARE.-About one hundred persons assembled yesterday morning, in Tomp-kins square, in response to an advertisement in the Alms square, in response to an advertisement in the morning papers. At about twelve o'clock, an odd-looking individual made his appearance, bearing in his hand a shepherd's crook, and on it an American flag tied with craps. He proceeded to deliver an incoherent rambling discourse about the rich and the poor, soup houses and clothing stores, until his audience began to melt away, and he was at length left with about a dozen auditors. There were no other speakers, and the ausemblage hat entirely dispersed an hoar after they collected. The day of working men's meetings is evidently past, at least for the present.

ACCURET IN LIBERTY STREET.—A man named James Conway, was injured, it is feared fatally, yesterday afternoon by failing down a intohway from the fourth story of No. 69 William street. His legs were broken and he was otherwise dangerously injured. Assistance was immediately rendered and Mr. Conway was taken to the New York Hospital by officer Ober.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Coroner Gamble held an inquest yesterday upon the body of Philipina Halburton, a child yesterday upon the body of Philipina Halburton, a child about seven years of age, who came to her death by being ron over by a wagon, driven by Charles Martin. The accident happened on the Bicomingdate road, near 126th street. The evidence showing that no blame could be attached to the driver of the wagon, the jury rendered a verdict of "Accidental death."

BURNED TO DEATH.—Coroner O'Donnell held an inquest

woman who was so severely burned on the night of the No. 246 Mott street. The evidence went to show that daughter of the deceased was, it will be remembered arrested on charge of esting fire to her mother' citches, but, there being no proof whatever of the al-legation, she was discharged by the Coroner.

The Empire City Bank.

SUPPEME COURT—SPECIAL TREM.
Before Hon. Judge Roosevett.
THE EMPIRE CITY HANK DECLARED INSOLVENT—
CALER FOR A RECEIVER GRANTED AND INJUNCTION MADE PERPETUAL.
FIR. 2.—Mr. J. M. Mason obtained an order from the court this morning, declaring the Empire City Bank in

solvent, that the assignment made by the bank is void, the injunction to be permanent, and the United States Trust Company to be receiver. The following is a copy of the special order -

An application having been heretofore made to the above named Justice of this court by George H. Purser, a creditor of the Empire City Hank, a joint stock associ-ation for banking purposes, issuing bank notes to cir-culate as money, for an order declaring the said bank insolvent, and for the appointment of a receiver of the same, and for an injunction restraining the said bank from the exercise of any of its corporate rights, in pursuance of the act of the Legislature of the State of New stockholders in certain banking corporations and asstockholders in certain banking corporations and associations as prescribed by the constitution, and to provide for the prompt payment of demands against such corporations and associations," passed April 5, 2549; and subsequent applications having also been made, by other creditors of the said nank, and it application to the said Justice that the said corporation of the said to the said Justice that the said application, a creditor of the said benk, having a demand against the same exceeding one hundred defines, arising upon a debt contrasted amost the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and fitty; that the payment of the same had been refused by the said Empire City Bank, and that more than ten days had elapsed since the said refusal, at the time of the said application; and it further appearing to the said Justice that the Union Bank, and the American Exhange Bank, in the city of New York, were creditors of the said Empire City Bank, and had similar demands against the said Empire City Bank, arising in like manner, and that payment of the said demands lad been in like manner refused, and that more than ten days had elapsed since the said refusals respectively; and it further appearing to the said Justice, that lease Freet and others were also creditors of the said the Empire City Fank, and that they had obtained a judgment against the same, and that an execution against the property of the said Empire City Eash had been returned unsatisfied, and it further appearing to the said Justice that other executions against the said Empire City Bank and in the said serveral applications of the assets and liabilities of the said bank having been exhibited to the said Justice shad one of the said bank and the said serveral applications of the said bank, hav ag been examined on eath before the said sustice touching the condition of the said bank and officers of the said bank and the said examinations of the said deficers of the said bank and Mr. If the said examinations of the said bank, and Mr. If the said e sociations as prescribed by the constitution, and to provide for the prompt payment of demands against such

to or held in trust for the said bank, or in which the said bank has any right, title or interest; and also all bonds and mortgages, deeds, writings, leases, muniments of title, books of accounts, things in action and effects of the said Empire City Bank.

And it further appearing that the said Empire City Bank had executed an instrument bearing date the twelfth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and infly-five, purporting to be an assignment in trust of all the assets of the said bank, to Smith Barker, James Canner as and Charles S. Tappen, and that the said alleged in tument of assignment is in contravention of the statutes of the State of New York, it is hereby further order, M. adjudged and declared, that the said alleged instrument of assignment is utterly void and of needect.

statutes of the State of New York, it is hereby further order. M. adjudged and declared, that the said alleged instrument of assignment is utterly void and of n effect.

And it is further ordered, that the said Empire City Famir, and its officers, servants and agents, and the said Sestiti Barkert, James Conner and Charles S. Tappen, the said alleged assignees, deliver ever to the said receiver all and every the said estate, real and personal, charles real, money, securities, property, and effects, tonds; mortgogen, deede, writings, leaves, muniments of title, books of account, votrehers and other evidences of debt, under the direction of Stephen Cambrieles, of the city of New York, counsellor at law, who is hereby constituted referee for that purpose; and that they also, under the direction of the said rescree, execute and deliver to the said rescree all necessary and groper die dis and arignments as the said referee shalf direct and require.

And it is further ordered, that the said receiver be vested with all; he powers, duties and obligations of receiver according to the laws of this State and the rules and prescribe of fulls Court and have full power and authority to inquire after and take possession of all and every such property and silvers, and for that purpose to examine the officers of the said bank, and the said and proper, on eath before said referee, from time to time, as said referee may direct and require.

And it's further ordered, that the said receiver take charge of the property and effects of said bank, and collect, suce for and recover tike debts and demands that may be due and become due to the said bank, and collect, suce for and recover tike debts and demands that may be due and become due to the said bank, and that the said receiver he at all times subject to the control, direction and order of this further ordered, that the said the finite of the said bank, are any rights or privileges granted to it by law, and that the said bank and from paying out or he had be allowed and directed by

A copy. RICHARD B. CONNOLY, Clerk Marine Court.

Before Hon. Judge Thompson and a Jusy.

Fin. 2 — Alexander Williams vs. Gustavus V. Flor.

This is an action for false imprisonment of plaintiff on board the steamer George Law. Plaintiff was one of the stewards of the vessel, and, having been applied to by a passenger for limes, answered him that there were norse; upon which the passenger, it is alleged, called him a d—d Har, and the plaintiff ordered him out of the pantry. The passenger, imagining himself insulted, applied to the captain of the steamer, (the defendant) and plaintiff was thereupon put in single irons on deck, and kept there over night. For this infringement of liberty the present suit is brought. Mr. L. E. Bulkeley, in one pure the case were dead of the later of the case where the case were dead of the later of the case where the case were dead of the later of the case where the case were the case were dead of the case were dead of the case where the case were dead of th the present suit is brought. Mr. L. E. Bulkeley, in opening the case, yesterday, to the jury, stated that his client had been, ever since this occurrence, afflicted with rheumatism, from experience—he having been taken from the hot pantry to the open deck, and the night being rainy and stormy.

There was some conflict of testimony as to the exact secreta that passed between the plaintiff and the passenger, and Mr. Hall, District Attorney, counsel for defendant, contended that plaintiff a set amounted to insubordination, for which the captain had a right to punish him.

dination, for which the captain had a right to punish him.

The Judge charged the jury at some length, keying down the law applicable to maxiners and the masters of venels—that plantiff was in law a mariner, and subject to all the rules governing an ordinary seaman. It was his duty to obey respectfully all liswful commands. That if he was guilty of any misconfuct or what of proper respect to an officer of the steamer or passenger; it smoonful to an art of insobordination, for which the master had the right to inflict punishment proportionate to the officers. That the master is liable only for excessive punishment, and although plaintif may have suffered ever so much, if the panishment was not omesual, he cannot recover. That obedience and respect from a mariner is of a much more stringent character than any required of servants or subordinates on shore. That if the jury believe the captain ordered the plaintiff to apolegies to the passenger, and he refused disrespectfully, that was insubordination, which the captain might pusish at his discretion. That although a mariner is charged with an offence of which he is not goilty he has no right to be observed which as find good and the randers of a few minutes returned with a verdict for plaintiff committed any offence; if he did, was the punishment excessive.

A Will of Fjectment on the Metropolitan

A Wilt of Ejectment on the Metropolitan Theatre. FIRST DISTRICT COURT. Before Judge Green. Frm. 2.—John Lafarge, Landlord, vs. Henry Willard,

Tenant, and Richard Sands and J. J. Nathans, Under tengate.-The lanclord, in his complaint, says that he, by ber, 1854, let to Mr. Willard, the tenant, the premises known as the Metropolitan theatre, for the the lease; that the tensat entered into possession of the said premises, and is justly indebted to the said isudiord in the sum of \$500, due the 20th of January last, which has been demanded from the tensat, who has made default in the payment of the same. The undertensants neglected to appear on the return of the summons by the tensat. Mr. Willard appeared by Thomas W. Smith, Eq., his counsel, and led an afflexit as follows —This deponent says he has not made default in the payment of the rest. The Judge said that the tensat's affidavit cid not controvert any fact contained in the landlord's complaint, but merely desied the conclusion of law therein contained, and that unless the tensat controverted some or one of the facts set forth in the complaint, he should order the warrant to issue. Whereupon the tensat's counsel withdrew the affidavit, and, on motion of James Rt. Whiting, Eq., the Judge ordered the warrant to issue to place the landlord in possession of the premises. the lease; that the tenant entered into possession of the

Brooklyn City News.

THE MAYOR'S COMPLAINT BOOK.—Complaints of various nuirances, unificensed liquor shops, and vio-lations of ordinances, are entered upon the Mayor's complaint book every day. Once in a while a choice specimen is placed on the record, as per example. specimen is placed on the record, as per example—
"Andrew Hookson, Atlantic street, defies all authority to
stop him from selling liquor; says he has been in jail for
one month, but should not stop selling for that, and
would continue in the same business in defiance of all
authority; that there is no freedom in this country,
that he sold yesterday liquor in spite of the law, and
would sell again; and if he had a ladder long enough
he would take the scales of Justice from the City Hall,
as they were a false representation of the business done
in that building."

ATTENTIO BAFE UPON A LITTIE GIFL.—A man, giving his
came as Charles Goldstein, was brought before Justice

came as Charles Goldstein, was brought before Justice Blatchly yesterday, on the charge of attempting to violate the person of a little girl named "lien Maria Vandeet. The accused is a pedier of dry goods. As is alleged, he

The accused is a pedier of dry goods. As is alleged, he stopped at the house where the girl resides, at the town of Curvescend, L. L., and finding her alone, proceeded to take liberties of an improper nature. Her eries brought several of the neighbors together, who fell upon the pedier and gave him a severe beating. He was then brought to the city, and was committed to the county juil to await the result of an examination.

VAGEANCY.—The Mayor has directed the police to arrest all beggars about the streets. Numbers are taken up every day and hrought before the Justices. Ment of them are discharged if it is found that they have mean, to support themselves, while those who have a home or legitimate husicess are sent to the aluminouse.

Curaon Rossio.—A Congregational church in the neighborhood of Classon and Fallon areannes was felonously entered on the night of the 30th ult, and all the carpeting was ripped up and carried away, withou detection. The property is valued at about \$76.

Suppose Duarn .- Yesterday afternoon, an old man-named Edward McCann fell down in a fit, at the corner

named Edward McCann fell down in a fit, at the corner of Fitth and South Secona attreets. The old gentleman was conveyed into the house of Mr. Reiggs, where every resistance was rendered, but he died in a few minutes after. Escensed was about 67 years of age, and resided in South Third street.

ARRIET of SHOPTISTERS.—Yesterday afternoon, three well dreamed young men, desistend of New York, paid a visit to reveral merchants in Williamsburg, doubtless with a view of improving their condition in a pecuniary joint of view. Their movements attracted the attention of Assistant Captain Beanett and officers Ward and Sterrett, who were about to question them, when the young men made a 240 break for the ferry. Two of them, giving their names John Irving and Edward Snyder, were family arrested and taken to the lookup. A place were family arrested and taken to the lookup. A place were family arrested and taken to the lookup. A place of silk and a quantity of cavards, valued at \$50, which had been stolen from Mr. J. Hamilton, dry goods dealer, and Hofman & Brothers, in Grand street, were found accusted a loogs them.

AFFAIRS AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

THURTY-THIRD COSCRESS.

Senate. Wassingoros, Feb. 3, 1865

JUDICIAL MATTERS, thre.

MARILEMENT, SPEC. 2, 1860.

JUDICEL MATTERS, SPE.

Mr. Entries, (whig) of N. C., gave notice that on Monday sext we should propose to repeal so much of the thirtieth section, of the cut to establish the Judicial Courts of the Units. I States as an horizes the taking of depositions without notice.

The bill firm Mr. & ward, of the Committee on Commerce, admitting the St usalan built ship Ains to a register under the narm of SR A notice was passed.

This is private bill feet, and the business thus far is quite unimportant.

REFORM 1972 IN NAVAL RESULT.

Mr. Malery's bill from the Committee on Naval Allaire, was taken up and packed. This bill proposes to place those officers on the tearwel list who are out of the line of premotion, and upon leave of absence and to pay there expigins, cutrifications, and deutemants who are bacapable of service.

The reserved list page as follows.

On leave—Captains.

Commanders.

1.200

Licutemants.

Passed Midalyments.

600

On can service, pavy yard, or before duty—

Captains.

22,860

Commanders 1.200

Heutennits 7.10

Passed Midshipsen 2.2,860
Con sea service, navy yard, or wher duty 2.2,860
Commanders 1.900
Liquitennits 1.000

Take Bills 1.000

Take Bill

House of Representatives.

Washington, Feb. 2, 1859.

FRIVATE Mais.

The House passed the bill for the relief of Merges. Belden & Co., remitting the duties on the goods corfacated in Mexico.

After being in Committee on private bills, thirty are bills were favorably reported to the House, but not thank acted on. No quorum being present, the House then adjourned.

Our Washington Corresponde

WARRIEGTON, Jan. 31, 1855 The New Turif Bill Frauds on the Indians Noticed-The Delegation of Wyandott Chiefs—Tau-roo-mee's Ob-ject in Visiting Washington—A New Speculation to be Sprung upon Congress, dc. Mr Houston, of Als., the Chairman of the Con

of Ways and Means, gave notice yesterday in the House of Representatives that on Thursday (to morrow) he would make an effort to report a new tariff hill and to take a test valo upon it. Should be find himself in the minority be declared his intention to let the measure

take a test vote upon it. Should be find himself in the minority be declared his Intestion to let the measure fail through without a struggle. A majority of the committee have agreed to report the bill as published in my letter of the 24th instant, but a minority report is also necessary of the 24th instant, but a minority report is also accordance with the views of the Secretary is in atrict accordance with the views of the Secretary of the Treatury, and the strong probability is that so modification of the present tariff will be made at the present assistance in the impression of several members of the committee reporting the bill.

I apprehend there will be some difficulty in passing the hid authorizing the refunding of certain duties collected by the government between the times of eigning and ratifying the resprocity treaty. It will be recollected that soon after the againg of the treaty Mr. Guthrin issued his circular in relation to the collection of duties on articles included in the free list, and suggested that Congress hight authorize the same to be refunded in the event of the treaty being ratified. It is now rumored here that some members of Congress have been speculating largely in these claims—purchasing them for seventy cents on the dollar, from persons not wishing to be troubled with the annoyances of getting them refunded. If this he the case, the profits of the speculation will not be large, as under such circumstances no bill caspass Congress authorizing the duties to be refunded, the matter will probably undergo an investigation before. The frauds upon the Belaware Indians, by certa nodi-

would be an act of manly independence on the part of the executive, as astorishing as it would be right and proper. It is time he should come to the rescus of his own reputation, as those who surround him enhibit for it a reckless disregard. In a message to the House of Representatives, yesterday, he recommended such a modification of the criating laws as would enable him to do full and supple justice to the Kansas Indians, including the Delawarss, and to carry out the treaty with them in good latth.

By the by, there is now in this city a delegation of chiefs from the Wyandott tribe of Indians, who linhabits a portion of the Nebrasia Territory—the peniasula formed by the confisence of the Kansas and Missouri rivers. The principal chief, Tau roo-mee, happening in the Fenate gallery on Monday, heard Ram Houston's speech in defence of the red man. It delighted him so much that he solicited a "talk" with the General, which took place last evening at the room of the latter, in presence of a number of gentlemen. The Wyandott tribe are the most civilined and the best informed of all the North American Indians, and Tau roo-mee spoke in dignified and aloquent terms of his white brethren. He raid he recognized them as brothers, and beheld in each a friend. His visit to Washington was prompted by a derire to learn more of them, and, to become better acquainted with their manners and habits of life—this and nothing else brought him to this city, many miles and nothing else brought him to this city, many miles and inching also have been become as white men, differing only in complesion. Whenever they would consent to live in comfortable houses, with their from he western house. General Houston replied in a manner peculiarly appropriate and effective. He told them that whenever his red brethren. Whenever they are permitted to ramain in one locality, with their little fields and improvements about them, instead of being shoved constantly into woods, the Indians will be like other people. It wished to see the time while heave

Jersey City News. Cry Mornovany's Report.—The City Missionary has rendered his report for January to the City Tract and rendered his report for January to the City Tract and Missionary fornety. During the month, 2,458 wisht to families in 72 different districts have been made, and 2,260 tracts and seven testaments have been distributed. Thirty children have been induced to attend fab-bath school. The account of the relief fund for the month, is as follows—

EXCHANGE OF THE MISSION STATES AND ADDITIONAL ADDITION

Total Distributed (in small sums) 653 47
On hand Slat Jenuary 25 28

On hand 31st Jenuary. 28 28

Total 846 73

Clothing hate, cape, blotts, shoes, in: have been sent in and distributed amongst the poor. The bed clothing, twenty comforters and a number of hedicials, heades concernise ciothing furnished by the Ladles' flowing Society, has also been cautiously given out to those in need.

Of moneys plated in the hands of the Mayor for the benefit of the poor, the City Missionary has applied the following sums.—For the west ending Jeanary 12, 506 48 to the relief of 05 families, during the west ending Jen. 28, 8230 51 to 185 families, and during the west ending Jen. 28, 8230 51 to 185 families. The office of flow Mr. Verrinder, City Missionary, is at the south west corner of Grove street and Rairoud aroune. His office is open to receive donations from 10 to 12 o'clock.

A. M. It is anticipated that February will be a bard month for the poor, and it is desirable to ingresso the recource for the relief of assety opplicates.